**Timeline of Events**

- **Indian Health Care Improvement Act (IHCIA)**
  - TECs established by IHCIA as a way to provide enhanced public health support to American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) peoples. TEC core funding is provided by the Indian Health Service.

- **1996**
  - 4 TECs Established
  - Phoenix, Portland, Great Lakes & Alaska TECs

- **2000**
  - 1 More TEC Established
  - Great Plains TEC

- **2003**
  - 2 More TECs Established
  - United South and Eastern Tribes & Urban Indian Health Institute TECs

- **2005**
  - 4 More TECs Established
  - Navajo, California, Rocky Mountain & Oklahoma TECs

- **2006**
  - 1 More TEC Established
  - Albuquerque TEC

- **2010**
  - IHCIA Permanently Reauthorized
  - TECs acknowledged as public health authorities granting access to AIAN data, data sets, monitoring systems, delivery systems, and other protected health information.

- **2013**
  - Best Practices in American Indian & Alaska Native Health
  - TECs wrote the Best Practices Report to describe the challenges in collecting, accessing, analyzing and reporting health data for AIAN populations. It also describes the work that the TECs do, individually and collectively, to provide AIAN communities with the best public health surveillance and interpretation of health data.

- **2014**
  - Good Health and Wellness in Indian Country (GHWIC)
  - The CDC’s largest investment to improve health among AIAN people is the GHWIC program focused on preventing chronic disease through policy, systems, and environmental changes.

- **2017**
  - Tribal Epidemiology Centers Public Health Infrastructure Program (TECPHI)
  - Funded by the CDC, the TECPHI Program is funded to increase TEC capacity, infrastructure, and sustainability activities in order to better meet the TEC seven core functions.